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CIVIL SERVICE EXAMINATION IN NEW YORK CITY

police official asking it. In this way the western police help the eastern police, and vice versa. The files of the "Detective" contain photos, descriptions, and records of professional criminals such as shoplifters, pickpockets, sneak thieves, pennyweighters, forgers and check-raisers, besides rewards offered for fugitives, missing people and bond jumpers. These files are of the greatest value to police, sheriffs, penal institutions, peace officers, special hotel and railway police officers, detective agencies, and those interested in criminal investigations. A file of the "Detective" for the past ten years contains a permanent rogues' gallery of 12,000 to 15,000 photos, descriptions, and records of the best working criminals in the United States and Canada. The Pinkerton Detective Agency acts in harmony and co-operation with the local police authorities; they get the pictures of all thieves taken by the local police, and in return they allow the local police to view their picture gallery and they interchange pictures and information concerning criminals and by this system of mutual co-operation they produce the desired results in any criminal case.

JOSEPH MATTHEW SULLIVAN, Boston.

Municipal Civil Service Examination in New York City for Promotion to Warden.—Date: June 25, 1912. 1. Criminologists and penologists have advanced a large number of theories to justify the imprisonment of men and women who have been convicted of crimes. Discuss fully at least five of these theories and state clearly how each would influence you in administering a prison as warden. 2. Discuss fully your views with reference to the desirability of separating first offenders from hardened offenders and state distinctly in what respect your treatment of the one class would differ from your treatment of the other class. 3. State in detail all of the precautions which you would take as warden, and enumerate five instructions which you would give your keepers to prevent prisoners from committing suicide. 4. Discuss in detail the advantages and disadvantages of allowing the prisoners in a prison for the detention of prisoners awaiting trial, the freedom of the prison yard, for the purpose of exercise, each afternoon during the summer months. 5. Give the following information regarding the writ of *habeas corpus*: (a) What is the purpose and the effect of this writ? (b) From whom may it be obtained in the State of New York? (c) Under what circumstances may its issue be refused? (4) Under what circumstances will the writ be dismissed by the court? 6. Describe fully two types of prisoners of unsound mind with whom a warden frequently has to deal, giving: (a) the characteristics of each, by means of which he may be readily distinguished; (b) the manner in which each is to be treated when he is first suspected of being of unsound mind; (c) his proper treatment after his mental condition has been definitely established. 7. (a) Draft a set of regulations governing the receipt by prison officials of money for delivery to the prisoners in a prison for the detention of prisoners awaiting trial. (b) Draft a similar set of regulations governing the receipt of food from relatives of the prisoners for delivery to the prisoners in a prison for the detention of those awaiting trial. 8. (a) What measures of discipline would you employ in a prison for the detention of prisoners awaiting trial? Arrange the measures of discipline in the order of their severity, and state under what circumstances you would use each of them. (b) Give the same information for a prison for convicted felons and misdemeanors. 9. (a) Describe in

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detail the daily examination which you would make as warden, of the food supplied to the prisoners, with a view to determining its quality and quantity. (b) Demonstrate your knowledge of food qualities by giving at least twelve reasons for rejecting food supplied to your prison. 10. Demonstrate your knowledge of food values by preparing a menu for your prison for three meals a day, for a week of seven days. 11. While warden of a prison which is situated outside of the city you experience considerable difficulty by reason of the fact that many of your keepers over-stay their leave, or return from their leave in a condition unfit to perform their duties. State in detail how you would overcome this difficulty. 12. (a) Draft a set of twelve regulations which you would adopt as warden of a prison for the detention of prisoners convicted of felonies and misdemeanors, to protect their health and prevent an outbreak of contagious diseases among them. (b) Would your regulations differ in any respect if you were the warden of a prison for the detention of prisoners awaiting trial? If so, give full particulars. 13. Describe in outline, omitting no essential particulars, a fire drill for a prison, the population of which changes very much from day to day. Assume that the prison has an average census of 400 men and 100 women, and that it is not situated in the built up section of the city. 14. Give all the essential provisions of the statutes, with reference to the sentences to be imposed upon prisoners convicted of disorderly conduct or of being disorderly persons or vagrants. 15. Discuss fully the advantages and disadvantages of the indeterminate sentence, giving your views and suggesting such improvements in the statutes as your experience has shown you to be desirable. 16. (a) As the warden of a prison for the confinement of convicted prisoners, state specifically what reformatory influences you would bring to bear upon the men confined in the prison who have been convicted of disorderly conduct, or of being disorderly persons. (b) What reformatory influences would you bring to bear upon boys confined in your prison upon a similar charge. (c) What reformatory influences would you bring to bear upon women and girls confined in your prison upon a similar charge? 17. (a) Draft a set of regulations governing the subject of communication with their friends, by prisoners in a prison for the detention of prisoners awaiting trial. (b) Draft a similar set of regulations governing the subject of communication with their friends by prisoners in a prison for convicted prisoners. (c) State specifically your reason for each difference between these two sets of regulations. 18-19-20. Address a report to the Commissioner of Corrections, covering the following points: (a) The principal causes which lead to crime, vice and lawlessness in the City of New York at the present day. (b) The forces by means of which these causes may be checked, or their effect lessened. (c) The manner in which the wardens of a prison in this city may assist in minimizing the effects of these causes of crime, vice and lawlessness.

N. B. 1. Do not sign any name, number, initials or title to this report. N. B. 2. In rating this report, consideration will be given not only to spelling, punctuation, composition, etc., but also to the intelligence of the candidate as shown by the expression of his opinion. LEONARD FELIX FULD, New York City.

Education in Prison.—Somebody has said “the best asset society has is a good citizen.” Nobody can dispute this statement. It is a truism that successfully challenges all attack. It was undoubtedly the recognition of this truth which caused the Pennsylvania Bar Association at a recent meeting to take